

## HE IS AFRAID.

The Much Heralded Fight May Not Come Off.

Mitchell, it is Said, Fears to Serve Time in a Southern Jail.

The English Prize Fighter Professes to Feel Very Indignant at the Treatment Which He is Receiving at the Hands of the Duval Athletic Club.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 22.—The sensation of the day here is a report that Charley Mitchell is trying to evade a meeting with Corbett, as agreed upon. It is said that he has declined to accept the transportation provided for him from his quarters to the ring side, and that a serious complication is likely to arise out of it.

When asked about this at his cottage on Anastasia island Sunday night, Mitchell professed to feel very indignant at the treatment which he is receiving at the hands of the Duval Athletic club, and in proof of it exhibited the following letter:

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 20. Mr. Charles Mitchell, Anastasia Island, Fla.:

DEAR SIR:—In answer to your telegram of yesterday I will say that we had provided at our expense a sure plan by which you could have reached the battle ground in safety from arrest and interference, and you have rejected. You will please report to this club, No. 63 West Bay street, on the morning of January 22, at 6 o'clock. Yours truly,

HARRY MASON, President D. A. C. "I don't know what Mason means by this," said Mitchell. "The club has never offered me any means of transportation, and my telegram was simply an inquiry about the club's arrangement. I have rejected no offer whatever, and I am ready to do anything in reason to meet Corbett in the ring."

There is a general belief, however, that Mitchell is trying to crawl out of the match.

It looked like a slim chance Sunday night for Corbett and Mitchell to come together. Indications are that Mitchell is going to back out even if the club succeeds in bringing the other conditions to a successful issue. The club has offered him all sorts of inducements and assurances that he will not be molested by law, but he seems afraid that he will have to serve time in one of the southern jails. He said Sunday that he was sick of signing articles and such things, and that he wanted the matter settled one way or another.

A. G. Hartridge, state's attorney for the fourth judicial district, which takes in six counties, including that in which Jacksonville is situated, has instructed the sheriffs of those six counties to carefully watch developments. The second battalion of state militia, about one hundred strong, will march to Jacksonville Tuesday, and camp here until the date set for the fight.

John Kelly visited Corbett Sunday to get his views on the twenty-thousand-dollar check. Kelly said he knew it was not worth anything with its present indorsed conditions. Corbett said that he had preferred all along that the money be placed up, but he wanted Mitchell to make the kick, as he knew he would. Kelly will go and see Mitchell Monday, and get his views on the check question.

The Duval Athletic club is sparring for wind. It wants to postpone putting up the actual cash until it sees how many likely-looking producers Monday's trains from the north will deposit in the hot Florida sands. Sunday's arrivals were extremely light. Sporting men who are here now, and those who are likely to come between now and Thursday, could not be made to give up \$20,000 to the Duval Athletic club at the point of a pistol. Hotel men who have subscribed to the stock of the club complain that the fight has not made the slightest difference in their business, and judging from the size of their bills, they are collecting their losses pro rata from the good game, the few who have come here and are willing to take their chance. Bowden, who dreamed of a fortune out of the affair, just now does not know if he is afoot or horseback.

Heavily Armed Yacht Leaves Savannah. ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 22.—The story of a very mysterious vessel and crew comes from Savannah. A yacht named the Natalie sailed from Savannah last Monday and put for southern waters. It is not known what port she put into, but it is certain that she left the Georgia coast armed to the teeth. Ten tons of arms were carried away as freight. The captain, while in Savannah, went under two names, and a general air of mystery pervades all his transactions while there. It is more than likely that the yacht will join Mello's fleet.

Fire, Pillage and Riot in Hayti. PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Jan. 22.—The town of Jeremie was nearly wiped out by fire, which was the result of an accident. Nearly half the buildings in town were destroyed. While the fire was burning many of the peasantry came into the town and began pillaging. A riot followed, in which many persons were shot.

Blew Him in the River. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 22.—While Bridge Watchman John Lively was closing the draw of the bridge at Bridgeport, Ala., Sunday, a heavy gust of wind blew him into the river, and before he could be rescued he sank and was drowned.

George W. Childs Worse. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.—At midnight it was reported officially that the condition of George W. Childs had taken a turn for the worse. His temperature had risen and he had not rested well. Dr. Laidy will remain with the patient all night.

Pursued by Robbers. BUEENOS AYRES, Jan. 22.—The Brazilian government forces in Rio Grande do Sul have arrived at Santa Anna pursued by the rebels, who have made heavy levies upon the inhabitants, leaving general discontent.

## EX-MINISTER STEVENS

Testifies Before the Senate Investigating Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The witness before senate committee investigating Hawaiian relations Saturday was Ex-Minister Stevens, who is charged with having coerced the Hawaiians and contributed toward the establishment of the provisional government by the use of the United States force. It is needless to give an abstract of the testimony of the ex-minister. His side of this international controversy has been stated so fully in the press and through addresses made by Mr. Stevens, that the public is more or less familiar with it.

The only thing necessary to be done was for Mr. Stevens to put under oath the matters of which the committee had been advised of unofficially, and to enter into those things which could not be discussed in public. This latter phase of Mr. Stevens' testimony was by far the most important and every precaution was taken by the committee to prevent any inkling of what the character of the evidence was from reaching beyond the committee room. There has been much speculation since the president's message was sent to congress as to the contents of the message from Mr. Stevens to the state department that was withheld by the president on the ground of public policy.

It is understood that this letter was one of those confidential communications from diplomatic agents to their respective governments touching upon the so-called interests of other governments. Mr. Stevens Saturday gave the committee what he supposed to be the letter referred to, and it can be said that it related to the attitude of the English minister in connection with affairs at the Hawaiian islands and his relations with the court of the deposed queen. It is understood that the English minister was, perhaps, as near to the queen as any one on the islands, and was able thereby to exercise great influence over her. His son, Mr. Woodhouse, is the husband of the half sister of Princess Kaiulani, who is the heir apparent to the throne in the event that the deposed queen should be restored.

With this princess subsequently on the throne and a British subject related to the royal family and enjoying the power and influence that such relationship would give, it would be easily seen, Mr. Stevens said, what the effect would be upon American interests, and how they would be subordinate to everything that was British. The British minister had lived on the islands for years, his family had been married to some extent, and naturally he would be opposed to any scheme that looked to the overthrow of the monarchy, and, worst of all, annexation to the United States.

It was said by Mr. Stevens that the British minister, Mr. Woodhouse, was favorable to the deposition of the queen, and that he entertained an opinion of her that was in keeping with the opinions of other well-informed and progressive citizens; but, while he wanted her off the throne, he was equally as desirous that Kaiulani should succeed her. The methods used in disseminating the idea among the people and the part played by the British minister, is said to have been an interesting feature of the evidence given by Mr. Stevens.

## HIS FUTURE

Possibly Will Be Spent as a Justice—The Talk of Carlisle's Resignation Is Renewed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The Post says there is a revival of the story that President Cleveland will nominate Secretary Carlisle for the vacancy on the supreme court bench. The rumor is quite current at the capitol, and naturally grew in importance and strength as it went around. It was said that Secretary Carlisle realized that the appointment would solve his political future, which, since the re-election of Senator Lindsay, offers no promise so far as the senate is concerned. Mr. Lindsay will remain in the senate for four years after the Cleveland administration goes out of power, and Senator Blackburn is sure to be re-elected. A seat in the house is of course open to the secretary, but it seems to be doubtful whether he would choose to return to that arena. His ambition to figure as a presidential candidate is said to have almost entirely disappeared since it became necessary for him to assume the financial position which he now occupies with the administration. All these things combined to make the rumor that he would go to the bench receive some attention, especially when it was recalled that some years ago President Cleveland had slated him for the chief justiceship, which finally went to Judge Fuller.

In this connection it may be stated that there does not seem to be much foundation for the assertion that Chief Justice Fuller intends to retire from his position. This statement crops out every once in a while and is always coupled with the fact that Justice Fuller continues in office at a great financial sacrifice. It is true that his income now is only about \$20,000 a year, half from his salary and half from his property in Chicago, a figure which is not two-thirds of the amount which he enjoyed before he accepted the position. It is said he anticipated leaving the bench, although what he may do in the future is, of course, not to be predicted with accuracy.

Gluckowski Again Honored. ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 22.—M. Gluckowski, who was the Russian commissioner at the World's fair, has been appointed to the same position at the exposition at Antwerp.

Pensions For Confederates. JACKSON, Miss., Jan. 22.—The house passed the pension bill Saturday appropriating \$77,500 for indigent Confederate soldiers or their widows and orphans.

A Great Nugget of Gold. LEADVILLE, Col., Jan. 22.—A gold nugget weighing 150 ounces, has been found at Breckenridge, on leased property which belongs to George Campbell.

## THE FIGHT.

A Law That May Knock Gov. Mitchell Out

In His Effort to Put a Stop to the Corbett-Mitchell Mill.

An Appeal to Be Made to the Government Courts for an Injunction Restraining the State Militia From Interfering—Sports Gathering at Jacksonville.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 22.—The Duval club may have recourse to a United States law with a view to bringing off the fight in Jacksonville. An appeal will be made to the government courts for an injunction restraining the state militia from interfering with the fight. The club's attorneys have dug up a United States law which protects all enterprises that have been damaged to the amount of \$3,000.

As the club has sold more than \$3,000 worth of tickets, and the glove contest is legal under the city ordinance and legislative act, the United States law will, so Manager Bowden says, uphold the club and restrain the martial law proceedings of the governor.

All means of communication by rail to the milling point will be cut off from Jacksonville after the train leaves here.

The state has applied to the railroads for the transportation of 70 soldiers. How the governor proposes to move this meager army from Jacksonville to the Duval camp is a mystery that the club has not yet attempted to solve.

Here is the plan that the club has perfected, as it is given to me from a source that I have reason to believe is official.

The Florida Central railroad will furnish 100 cars, consisting of five trains of 20 cars each. Every spectator, even the club members, must present a ticket.

Entrance to each car will be made through one door, at which a keeper will be placed with instructions to admit only the holders of tickets.

Prof. Gentry, after showing next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday in St. Augustine, returns to Jacksonville and leaves Wednesday evening over the Florida Central & Peninsula railroad for the battle ground.

Gentry can pitch his canvas and place his seats in four hours. President Mason told me Saturday that \$33,000 gate money will clear the club from loss.

At Bat Masterson's request the club agrees to leave the disposal of the \$20,000 check to John Kelly, the official referee.

If during the contest the authorities should appear and stop the fighters the disposition of the check will be left solely to the judgment of Kelly. This satisfied Masterson.

## TO ENJOIN HIM.

The Knights of Labor After Carlisle's Bond Issue.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The dispatch announcing a threatened injunction by the Knights of Labor against Secretary Carlisle to restrain him from issuing \$50,000,000 in bonds, was taken to the treasury department and shown to the secretary. Mr. Carlisle declined to say anything on the subject.

The feeling of the Knights of Labor and the labor unions generally on the bond question was known to be unfavorable, as had been shown by the passage of resolutions against it. The officials were a unit in the opinion that the secretary had nothing more than a temporary delay to fear from injunction proceedings, and even this they did not think in the least degree probable. The secretary consulted the attorney general, the law officer of the government, and the president before issuing the bond bill.

The petition praying for an injunction to restrain the secretary from issuing bonds in the sum of \$50,000,000 or any other amount, Mr. Sovereign says will be drawn at Des Moines by Judge Cole, will be sworn to by Mr. Sovereign and sent to Washington to be filed in the United States circuit court of the District of Columbia the first of next week.

## Collieries Closed.

POTTSVILLE, Jan. 22.—An order has been issued by the Reading Coal Co. suspending 11 of its largest collieries for an indefinite period. Collieries of the other companies will also be suspended. Owing to the suspension of the collieries the transportation force on the Reading railroad will be greatly reduced, and the car shops at Palo Alto are to be shut down indefinitely, thus throwing 150 men out of work.

## A Silver Crisis.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A dispatch to the Times from Hong Kong says: The silver crisis is increasing in acuteness in the east, and the situation is further complicated by the scarcity of currency at Shanghai, Hong Kong and Singapore, owing to the decreasing supply of Mexican dollars. Mexican change not having adjusted itself to the heavy fall in silver. The present position of affairs may easily become dangerous.

## No Riotous Demonstrations.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 22.—At 11 o'clock Saturday 500 unemployed men assembled at courthouse square demanding to be heard by the city officials. A resolution was passed by a mass meeting of these men Friday night demanding that \$17,000 surplus G. A. R. national encampment funds be used as relief money for the unemployed. No riotous demonstrations have yet been made.

## Measles Raging.

DELAWARE, O., Jan. 22.—An epidemic of measles is raging again in the city. Whole families are down with the disease, and in many instances the schools are interfered with. The saddest fatality is in the home of Will Phelan, whose wife and two of the children have died within three days, while his other children are very sick.

## HYDROPHOBIA TEST.

Rabbits Inoculated With Virus From a Supposed Mad Dog Go Mad.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 22.—Dr. Wm. H. Welch, professor of pathology at the Johns Hopkins hospital, said that he had gotten definite results from the inoculation of four rabbits with the virus obtained from the medulla oblongata of the dog which bit Mr. J. A. Thompson, of Mayfield, Howard county, on New Year's day. On receipt of the head Dr. Welch put it through a course of preparation, and with a solution made from the upper part of the spinal cord inoculated four rabbits. The inoculation was made on January 2, and the rabbits carefully watched for symptoms. They began to grow droopy from day to day, and on Thursday began to show unmistakable symptoms of hydrophobia or rabies by irregular muscular contractions and gritting their teeth. Dr. Welch said that the symptoms were positive, and the inoculation the only positive tests as to whether the dog had rabies at the time of death. The rabbits will live for four or five days, when the disease will kill them.

## HORSE MEAT.

Market for It Established Near Pittsburgh—Foreigners the Purchasers.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 22.—It developed Sunday that two or three miles back of the south side, near Buck's Tavern, in Baldwin township, a "horse meat market" has been established. It is learned that every few days a couple of horses are killed, the intelligence of which is brought to the knowledge of certain Poles, Hungarians, Slavs and Italians who flock there, 200 or 300 strong, and buy meat at very cheap prices. Two horses were butchered there Sunday and disposed of. It is said that the horses, which would otherwise go to the glue factories, are bought for a mere pittance and then butchered for this purpose. No deception is used as to the meat being horse meat, and to that extent, at least, the buyers know what they are purchasing. This traffic is understood to be a creature of the hard times, though whether by excuse or necessity is not apparent. It is likely the matter will be investigated.

## A PROGRESSIVE QUEEN.

Her Majesty of Afghanistan to Adopt European Dress.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Civilization will rejoice in the fact that the queen of Afghanistan has decided to adopt European dress. A fashionable firm in London has forwarded to her majesty four costumes, which I hasten to describe. The material in each case is wool, and her majesty's fondness for flowers has been respected in the trimming. One fuchsia dress has a velvet basque with gold fringe and a tabbed skirt. A convoluted costume is made up of a velvet zouave bodice and skirt trimmed with guipure lace. A striking characteristic of a native costume is an umbrella skirt, whilst green silk and ivory leaves add to attractions of the fourth costume. All the creases are high-necked, short skirted and silk-lined, and in appearance are a sort of compromise between English simplicity and Oriental splendor.

## CATTLE STEALING.

An Organized Gang of "Rustlers" Operating in South Dakota.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Jan. 22.—There is an organized gang of cattle rustlers operating on both sides of the Missouri river. It is said these stolen cattle are taken by the thieves and branded with their own brands, after which they are placed on the range with the herds of the rustlers.

Determined efforts will be made to secure evidence for the conviction of the suspected parties. Stock men in the interior of the ceded Sioux lands also continue to complain of the depredations of cattle thieves. Much bitter feeling exists, and cattle men may take steps to hunt down and punish the rustlers.

## Rev. Talmage Resigns.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage startled his large congregation in the Brooklyn Tabernacle Sunday night by announcing his resignation of his office as pastor of the church. He had just preached a sermon of unusual eloquence, through which had run a sorrowful vein. It was one of trouble. After he had finished the sermon proper, he said: "This coming spring I will have been pastor of this church twenty-five years, and a quarter of a century is long enough for any minister to preach in one place. At that anniversary I will resign this pulpit, and it will be occupied by such persons as you may select."

## Fatal Stabbing at a Church.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 22.—At Poplar Spring Church, Stewart county, Charles Gregory charged Robert Herndon with slandering him, and endeavored to make him retract. This Herndon refused to do, and a row ensued, during which Gregory stabbed Herndon six times fatally. Gregory was arrested.

## Voice of Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 22.—The government has sanctioned the establishment of a new political literary journal, called the Voice of Russia, which will be exempted from censorship.

## Roundhouse Gone.

MARTINSBURG, Ind., Jan. 22.—Fire destroyed the Big Four roundhouse at this place with its entire contents. One passenger locomotive was a total loss. Loss, \$15,000.

## Madison's Mayor Dead.

MADISON, Ind., Jan. 22.—Mr. Isaac Wagner, mayor of this city, died Saturday night at 8:45 after an illness of two months, resulting from a grippe. He was 74 years old.

## Russian Royalties Ill.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 22.—Grand Duke George, second son of the czar, is in a critical condition, and Grand Duke Michael is still in danger from inflammation of the lungs.

## To Make Paris a Port.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—The chamber of deputies will consider the project of a canal between Rouen and Paris, in order to convert Paris into a port.

## NEARLY OVER.

The Revolt in Brazil Coming to an End.

De Gama Considering Terms of Favorable Surrender.

The Rebels at Rio Number Less Than Eight Hundred Men—Admiral Mello Has Been Deposed From the Command of the Revolutionary Forces.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 22.—President Peixoto, of Brazil, through his minister of foreign affairs, authorizes the Associated press to make the following announcement of the condition of affairs at Rio de Janeiro, and concerning the prospects of the revolution generally.

"The revolt seems to be drawing to a close. The rebels here number less than 800 men, and only the Aquidaban is able to pass the forts at the entrance of the harbor. There is no possibility of the rebels capturing Rio de Janeiro or Niteroi, as every hill is fortified.

"The regular troops are still in their barracks, the situation not having been such as to call upon them for their services. All the fighting has been done by the national guards, who have displayed great bravery. Almost daily the forts are called upon to fire their heavy guns, and the rebel ships bombard the lower portion of the city with their rapid-firing guns, killing people in the streets with wanton savagery and with no possible gain.

"Father Joao Baptista, the guide and private secretary of the Papal Nuncio here, has issued a pamphlet for private circulation, advocating the establishment of a monarchy. In this pamphlet Father Baptista says that Admiral De Mello promised to restore the monarchy as well as the rights of the church. The wholesale and shipping business is at a standstill, and one fifth of the people have left the city. It is said that Admiral Da Gama is beginning to consider the advisability of trying to obtain favorable terms of surrender. All the Americans here are in favor of the government."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The United Press cable from Rio stating that Mello had been deposed from the command of the Brazilian insurgents and was on the warship Republica as a private citizen only, was shown to Minister Mendonca Sunday night. He said he had received no advice concerning the report, but stated that he had no doubt it was true. He had received from Rio several days ago, as already stated in these dispatches, news of the failure of the insurgent land forces in the south of Brazil to effect a junction with Mello on the coast, and it was quite probable that the disappointment over this failure had expended itself upon Mello, although in the opinion of Senor Mendonca he was not to blame. The land forces simply could not reach the coast.

## CLEVELAND'S REVENGE.

New York Can Not Have the New Supreme Court Justice.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—President Cleveland has said that an appointment of an associate justice of the supreme court, for which William B. Hornblower, of New York, was named, and who was rejected by the senate, will not go to New York. It is further stated that Mr. Cleveland has taken the position that in view of the fact that Mr. Hornblower's rejection was due to the efforts of the New York senators, they should assume the responsibility for the failure of that state to receive the honor. The president, it is also said, will not lend any effort to the appointment of a member of the New York bench to the supreme court vacancy, by which Judge Maynard could be replaced on the bench of his state by the state machine.

## Outside Creditors in the Cold.

ZANESVILLE, O., Jan. 30.—Peter Curran filed a deed of assignment Saturday morning to H. E. Baker for the benefit of his creditors. Real estate costing him \$36,000 and a stock of men's furnishing goods valued at \$18,000 comprise the assets. The real estate is fully covered by mortgages and chattel mortgages were given on the goods for over \$5,000 Friday evening, all to local creditors. The indications are that foreign creditors will lose their entire claims.

## Epidemic of Smallpox.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 22.—The state board of health Friday received a letter from the health officer of Johnson county, Tennessee, saying he was reliably informed that there were at Glade Springs, Va., 41 cases of smallpox and one at Oceola, Va. Glade Springs is 25 miles from Mountain City, and Oceola is 30 miles. So far no deaths have occurred.

## Redwine's Easy Job.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 22.—Lewis Redwine, the defaulting cashier of the Gate City National bank, of Atlanta, Ga., now in prison here, has been assigned an easy job in the office of the secretary of the prison managers, where he makes himself useful. "It's not so much like being in prison, after all," he said to a reporter Sunday.

## The Powderly Move Denied.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 22.—Local Knights of Labor say the secret circular attacking the present officials of order did not emanate from here, and that District Assembly No. 8 will not sign a call for an extra session of the general assembly.

## Wellesley College's President Dead.

WELLESLEY, Mass., Jan. 22.—Miss Helen A. Shafer, L.D.D., president of Wellesley college, died Sunday morning of pneumonia. The disease attacked her on last Monday, and being naturally of frail physique, she sank from the start.

## Baptist Church Dedicated.

GALESBURG, Ill., Jan. 22.—The Baptist people of Galesburg dedicated their new \$35,000 church Sunday, entirely free from debt.

## CONDENSED NEWS

Gathered From All Parts of the Country By Telegraph.

Several very ancient porcelain relics have been found by diggers in a mound near English, Ind.

Aquilla Prugh, a Clark county (O.) farmer, dropped dead while going from the field to his dinner.

George Ozzie was killed near Central City, Ky., by a falling tree which an elder brother cut to catch a coon.

Frank Oaks was crushed to death at Edinburg, Ind., by the jacks giving way under a building they were raising. J. R. Dixon, of Pennsboro, was fined \$100 and costs in the United States court at Parkersburg, W. Va., for failing to cancel stamps on beer kegs.

Jesse Hart, one of the early pioneers in that part of the state, committed suicide Sunday morning by hanging himself at his home in Charlotte, Mich. Hart was born in Ohio in 1814, and moved to Michigan in 1837.

Fire at the Bee Hive store, Nos. 172 to 176 State street, Chicago, Saturday morning, destroyed nearly everything on the fifth floor of the building, and incurred a loss of \$30,000 to \$40,000, covered by insurance. Origin unknown.

Gen. A. D. McCook has left Denver, Col., for the south. To a personal friend he stated that his trip was for the purpose of gaining information on the spot, as to the probabilities of raids of lawless bands from Mexico across the border.

Mrs. Wm. Stewart was instantly killed near Tipton, Ind., at the crossing of the Erie railroad. Herself and husband were on the way home in a spring wagon when a freight train struck the wagon. The husband escaped by jumping.

A trunk containing a quantity of goods secured by Morris Rosen, the Grand Lodge clothier, was found near Battle Creek, Mich. It was hidden in an old farm house. J. M. Jacobs, a clothier, of Battle Creek, is implicated, and has been arrested.

An order has been promulgated reducing the working hours to six each day at the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western machine shops, Scranton, Pa., after January 22. This will affect 250 men and boys. The car shops of the same company have been working reduced time for several months past.

Private advices received by the Empress of Japan give full particulars of the earthquake devastation in the mysterious territory north of the Himalayas. The total fatalities will probably reach into the thousands. Upwards of four hundred were mortally wounded.

At Mt. Sterling, Ky., the Negro, Will Turner, alias Lasses, who killed Tom Hunt, another Negro, on Sunday, the 7th inst., was tried under an indictment for murder and, after the jury had been out forty minutes, they returned a verdict of guilty, and fixed his punishment at life sentence in the penitentiary.

Masked robbers forced an entrance into the Wabash depot at Kingsbury, Ind. The station agent, J. P. Allen, and wife were chloroformed, the safe pillaged of its contents, \$200 in cash and \$500 in orders. Mrs. Allen is critically ill from the effects of the chloroform. There is no clue to the robbers. The loss falls largely on the National Express Co.

## Rumor of a King's Murder.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A Daily News dispatch from Vienna says: It is rumored here that the king of Serbia has been murdered. The rumor as yet lacks confirmation.

## THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 22. FLOUR—Winter patent, \$4.90; 20-lb. sack, \$2.50; 25-lb. sack, \$2.50; 30-lb. sack, \$2.50; 35-lb. sack, \$2.50; 40-lb. sack, \$2.50; 45-lb. sack, \$2.50; 50-lb. sack, \$2.50; 55-lb. sack, \$2.50; 60-lb. sack, \$2.50; 65-lb. sack, \$2.50; 70-lb. sack, \$2.50; 75-lb. sack, \$2.50; 80-lb. sack, \$2.50; 85-lb. sack, \$2.50; 90-lb. sack, \$2.50; 95-lb. sack, \$2.50; 100-lb. sack, \$2.50.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 90c; No. 3 red, 88c; No. 4 red, 86c; No. 5 red, 84c; No. 6 red, 82c; No. 7 red, 80c; No. 8 red, 78c; No. 9 red, 76c; No. 10 red, 74c; No. 11 red, 72c; No. 12 red, 70c; No. 13 red, 68c; No. 14 red, 66c; No. 15 red, 64c; No. 16 red, 62c; No. 17 red, 60c; No. 18 red, 58c; No. 19 red, 56c; No. 20 red, 54c; No. 21 red, 52c; No. 22 red, 50c; No. 23 red, 48c; No. 24 red, 46c; No. 25 red, 44c; No. 26 red, 42c; No. 27 red, 40c; No. 28 red, 38c; No. 29 red, 36c; No. 30 red, 34c; No. 31 red, 32c; No. 32 red, 30c; No. 33 red, 28c; No. 34 red, 26c; No. 35 red, 24c; No. 36 red, 22c; No. 37 red, 20c; No. 38 red, 18c; No. 39 red, 16c; No. 40 red, 14c; No. 41 red, 12c; No. 42 red, 10c; No. 43 red, 8c; No. 44 red, 6c; No. 45 red, 4c; No. 46 red, 2c; No. 47 red, 0c; No. 48 red, 0c; No. 49 red, 0c; No. 50 red, 0c; No. 51 red, 0c; No. 52 red, 0c; No. 53 red, 0c; No. 54 red, 0c; No. 55 red, 0c; No. 56 red, 0c; No. 57 red, 0c; No. 58 red, 0c; No. 59 red, 0c; No. 60 red, 0c; No. 61 red, 0c; No. 62 red, 0c; No. 63 red, 0c; No. 64 red, 0c; No. 65 red, 0c; No. 66 red, 0c; No. 67 red, 0c; No. 68 red, 0c; No. 69 red, 0c; No. 70 red, 0c; No. 71 red, 0c; No. 72 red, 0c; No. 73 red, 0c; No. 74 red, 0c; No. 75 red, 0c; No. 76 red, 0c; No. 77 red, 0c; No. 78 red, 0c; No. 79 red, 0c; No. 80 red, 0c; No. 81 red, 0c; No. 82 red, 0c; No. 83 red, 0c; No. 84 red, 0c; No. 85 red, 0c; No. 86 red, 0c; No. 87 red, 0c; No. 88 red, 0c; No. 89 red, 0c; No. 90 red, 0c; No. 91 red, 0c; No. 92 red, 0c; No. 93 red, 0c; No. 94 red, 0c; No. 95 red, 0c; No. 96 red, 0c; No. 97 red, 0c; No. 98 red, 0c; No. 99 red, 0c; No. 100 red, 0c.